Exploring the Effects of Cross-Cultural Variation and Tourism in Utah English

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Emerging Social Meaning

- Eckert (2016): sociolinguistic variation is not just a consequence of social change but helps contribute to it.
- Such changes become enregistered and are linked to groups or personae.
- Fractal recursivity (Irvine & Gal 2000) may contribute to the beginnings of such differences (e.g. Zhang 2021).



Park City English

- The 'Parkite' identity is quite specific and homogenous.
 - A particular type of person lives in/moves to Park City (it's not like switching neighborhoods in Salt Lake City).
 - Outdoorsy and affluent OR outdoorsy and working in the tourism industry
- Park City has one of the lowest amounts of practicing members of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints.

- People say Park City 'feels different' culturally than the rest of Utah.

• People from surrounding rural areas claim that Park City 'sounds snobby' or 'rich'.

Research Questions

- Does the Parkite accent exist?
 - If so, what linguistic features are different from elsewhere in northern Utah?
- Do people recognize a Park City accent?
 - If so, how is it perceived compared to general Utah English?
- Do touristy areas and more culturally diverse areas lead to language change?

Study 1: Perception

Speaker Information

- Audio gathered via brief sociolinguistic interviews
 - half Parkites, half from elsewhere in the Wasatch Front
- 13 speakers selected
 - mostly early 20s, with a few in 40s and 60s
 - all White
 - 12 straight, one gay
 - balanced low, mid, high socioeconomic statuses
 - even balance between male and female
 - balance for Latter-day Saint, Jewish, and other
- Selected a ≈10 second clip

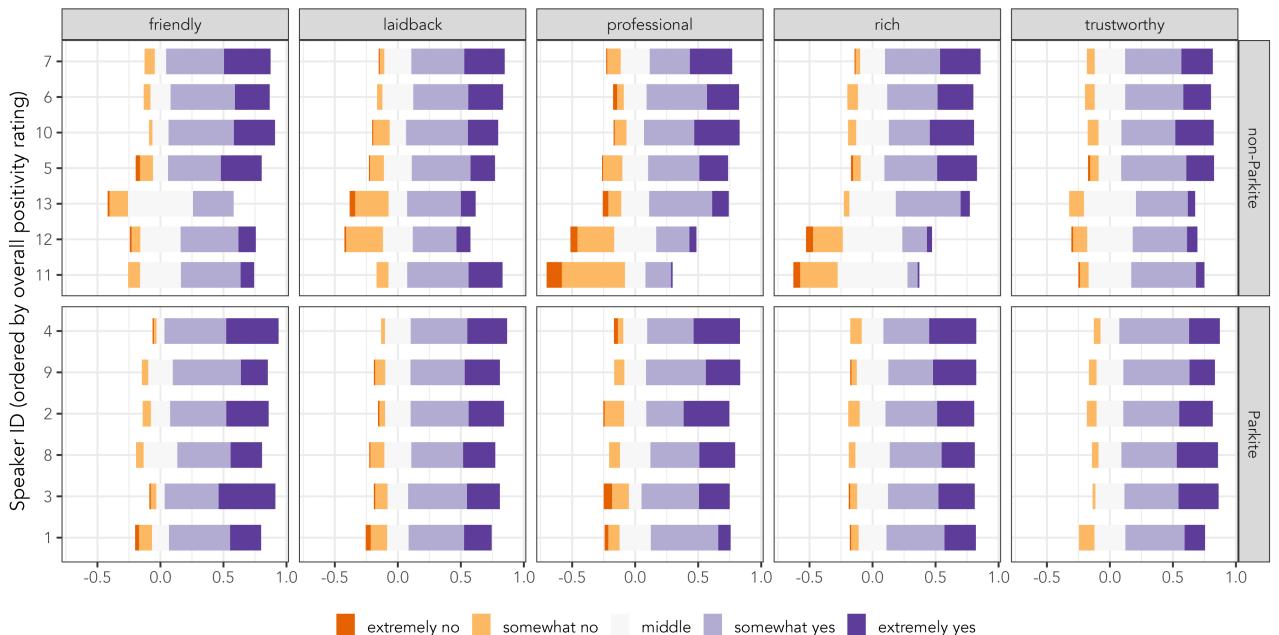
Survey

- For each clip, listeners evaluated the speaker on a 5-point Likert scale
 - friendly unfriendly
 - professional unprofessional
 - rich poor
 - trustworthy untrustworthy
 - laid back uptight
 - whether they sound like they're from Utah (yes, no, maybe)
- To prevent burn-out, each person only heard three speakers
- Also meta-linguistic commentary about Park City English
 - friendly unfriendly
 - pleasant unpleasant
 - professional unprofessional

Listener Demographics

- Distributed it via social media
- 434 participants
 - ≈96 responses per audio clip
- 38 states, plus DC and PR: 40% from UT, 11% from CA, <5% the rest
- 87% White, 4% Native American, 4% Black, <2% other
- 49% male, 49% female, 2% non-binary or other
- 47% aged 25–34

Listener evaluations by speaker and attribute, based on an average of 137 responses per speaker per attribute What you should see: Parkites generally more positive than (at least some) non-Parkites



Listener Perceptions: Overview

- Overall, we don't find much of an effect.
 - This is a null result.
 - Or rather, we haven't found data to support our intuitions.
- Listener commentary suggests otherwise:
 - aloof, superficially friendly
 - laidback, casual
 - California influence
 - uptight, rich, spoiled

Study 2: Production

Methods

- 200-item wordlist
 - Utah vowels (prelateral mergers)
 - Utah consonants (mountain, NG+, THR-flapping, [t]-insertion)
 - non-Utah/general features (e.g. Mary-merry-marry merger, Low-Back-Merger shift)
- 19 Utahns read it as part of a sociolinguistic interview
 - 11 Parkites
 - 8 from northern Utah
- Transcribed manually, processed using MFA (McAuliffe et al. 2017) and FAVE (Rosenfelder et al. 2014) via DARLA (Reddy & Stanford 2015) and processed using Stanley's (2023) order of operations.
- Consonants listened and coded manually.

Category	Feature	Words	Sources	Summary
Utah vowels	WOLF-JOLT-MULCH merger(s)	pull, fuller, pole, scold, bulb, culture	Strelluf (2016), Baker & Bowie (2010)	Unmerged in 5 unrelated people
	CORD-CARD merger	hoarse, horse, north, warm	Bowie (2003, 2008)	Not attested
Utah consonants	NG+	biking, hiking, driving, stealing	Di Paolo & Johnson (2018), Johnson (2024—in about an hour from now!)	Minority variant in a few people
	THR-flapping	three, thread, through, throw, throttle	Stanley (2019)	2 people, half the time
	[t]-insertion in /ls/	salsa, Olsen, pulse, also	Stanley & Vanderniet (2018)	1 person, half the time
	MOUNTAIN	mountain, gluten, cotton, satin, rotten	Stanley (2023), Bowie (2023), Eddington & Savage (2012)	Variable, but no apparent pattern
Non-Utah	MARY-MERRY-MARRY merger	hairy, caring, error, berry, arrow, parody	Labov, Ash, & Boberg (2006)	All merged
	Low-Back Merger shift	cat, pat, bet, peck, bit, fit	Becker (2019), Bowie (2017)	Variable, but no apparent pattern

Discussion

Discussion

- Two null results
 - Listeners don't distinguish between Parkite and non-Parkite Utah English
 - Speakers aren't noticeably different from each other.
- Possible explanations (typical of any null result)
 - Not enough data
 - Not the right kind of data
 - Not the right questions.
- This is still science and we still did a rigorous study.

Interpreting Linguistic Null Results

- Evans (2013) showed that null results are still results.
- Linguistic stereotypes persist, even when there is no objective support for them.
 - People think Park City English sounds a certain way, but it's all in their head.
 - "their brain gets in the way of their ear" (Preston 2018)
 - Perhaps a projection of how the people themselves are perceived.
 - They want to distance themselves, so will do so however they can.
- How does this bias affect perception of actual linguistic differences?
 - Perhaps this the the very beginning of the development of indexicality?

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These slides are available at joeystanley.com/lsa2024