REAL TIME VOWEL SHIFTS IN GEORGIA ENGLISH

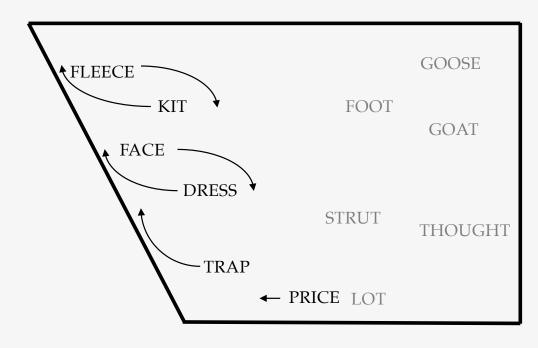
Joey Stanley

University of Georgia joeystan@uga.edu @joey_stan

joeystanley.com

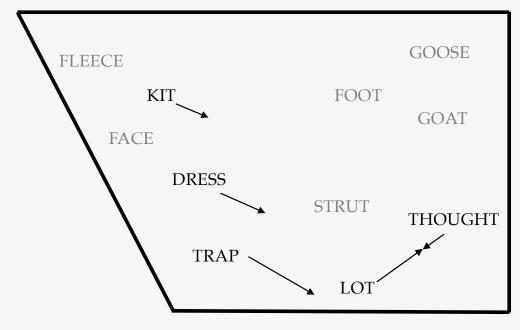
LCUGA6 October 4, 2019 University of Georgia Athens, GA

TWO AME VOWEL SHIFTS



Southern Vowel Shift (SVS)

Labov, Yeager, & Steiner (1972), Labov (1994), Labov, Ash, & Boberg (2006), Feagin (1986)



California Vowel Shift
Canadian Vowel Shift

Elsewhere Shift

Hinton et al (1987), Eckert (2008) Clarke et al. (1995)

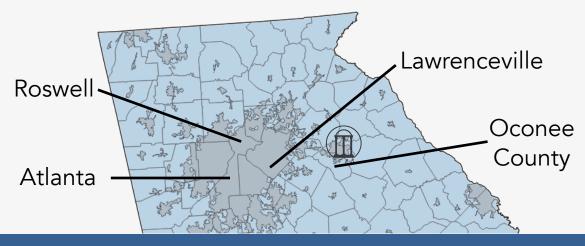
GEORGIA ENGLISH

African Americans, Roswell (Andres & Votta 2009)

- Younger speakers swap FACE and DRESS
- Some LOT/THOUGHT merger

Korean Americans, Lawrenceville (Kim 2018)

Little evidence of Southern Vowel Shift



Caucasian Americans

In Atlanta (Prichard 2010)

- Less PRICE-monophthongization
- swap FACE and DRESS but not FLEECE and KIT (cf. Andres & Votta 2009)

In Oconee County (Dekker 2018)

 Grocery stores that sold sushi had less PRICE-monophthongization than those that played country music!

THIS STUDY

How has Georgia English changed since the 1890s?

All vowels have changed.

What is the trajectory of that change?

In the direction of the Elsewhere Shift.

DATA & METHODS

DATA: LEGACY SPEAKERS

DASS (Kretzschmar et al 2013)

- Subset of the Linguistic Atlas of the Gulf States (911 interviews)
- Digital Archive of Southern Speech: a 64-speaker subset
- See other work for variation within this corpus (Olsen, Olsen, & Renwick 2017, Stanley & Renwick 2020, Renwick & Stanley forthcoming, Bigott & Renwick this conference, Jones & Renwick this conference

This study

- 5 "non-Black" Georgians (3 female; born 1887–1903)
- 24 hours of interviews
- 35,357 tokens

Processing

- Transcribed manually (Olsen et al 2017)
- Used the Montreal Forced Aligner (McAuliffe et al 2017) for forced-alignment and FAVE-Extract (Rosenfelder et al 2014) for formant extraction.

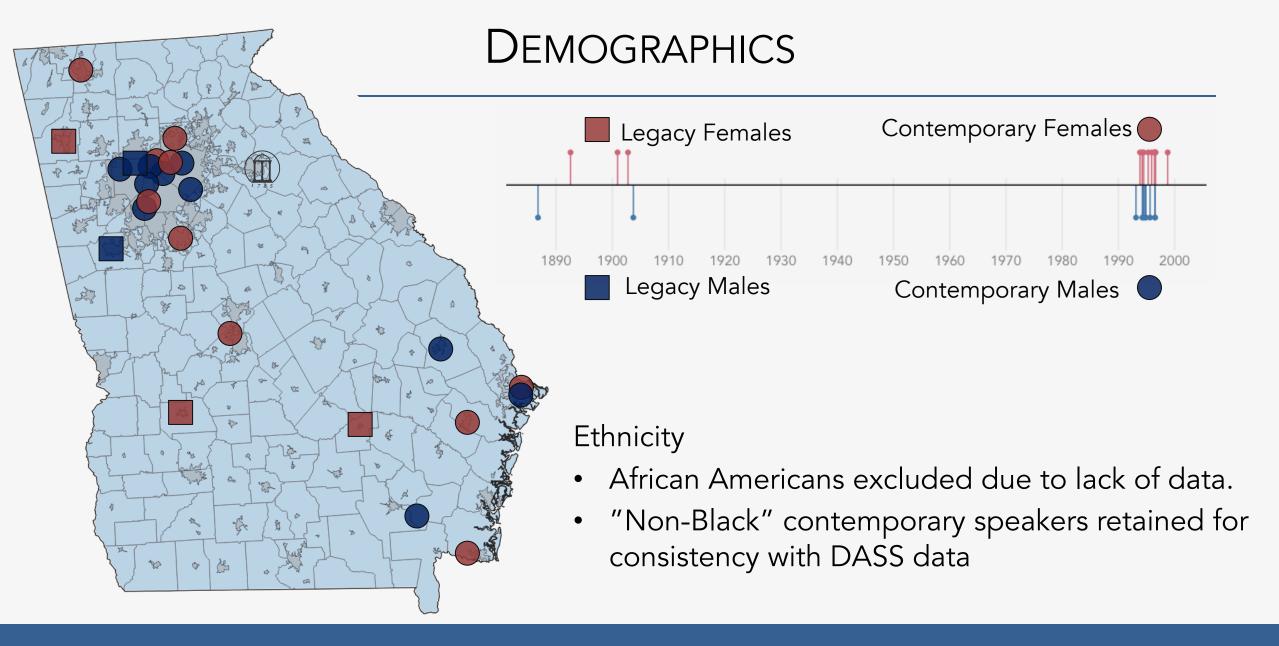
DATA: CONTEMPORARY SPEAKERS

Lab recordings

- 20 UGA undergraduate students (10 female, born 1994–1998)
- Read 300 sentences from COCA.
- ~30 minutes each, 12.5 hours total
- Recorded in 2017
- 24,325 tokens

Used DARLA's fully automated processing (Reddy & Stanford 2015)

- automatic transcription
- forced alignment with Prosody-Lab (Gorman et al 2011)
- formant extraction with FAVE-Extract (Rosenfelder et al 2014)



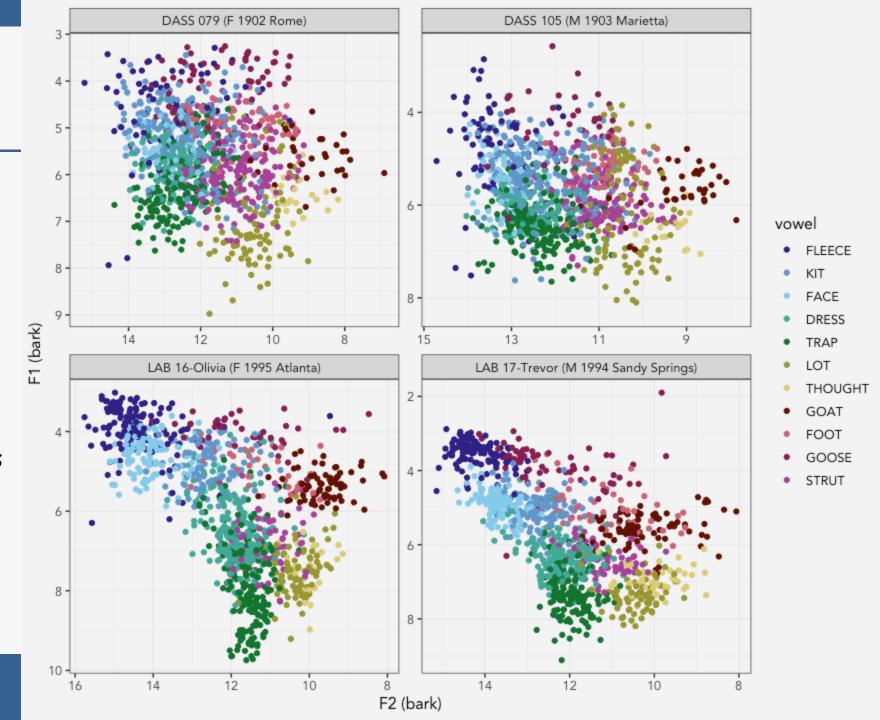
PROCESSING

Data filtering

- preobstruents only
- outlier detection with Mahalanobis Distance
 - furthest 5% of tokens removed

Normalized using the Atlas of North American English procedure (Labov, Ash, & Boberg 2006)

Converted to Barks



STATS AND GAMMS

Formant trajectories modeled with generalized additive mixed-effects models (Wood 2017).

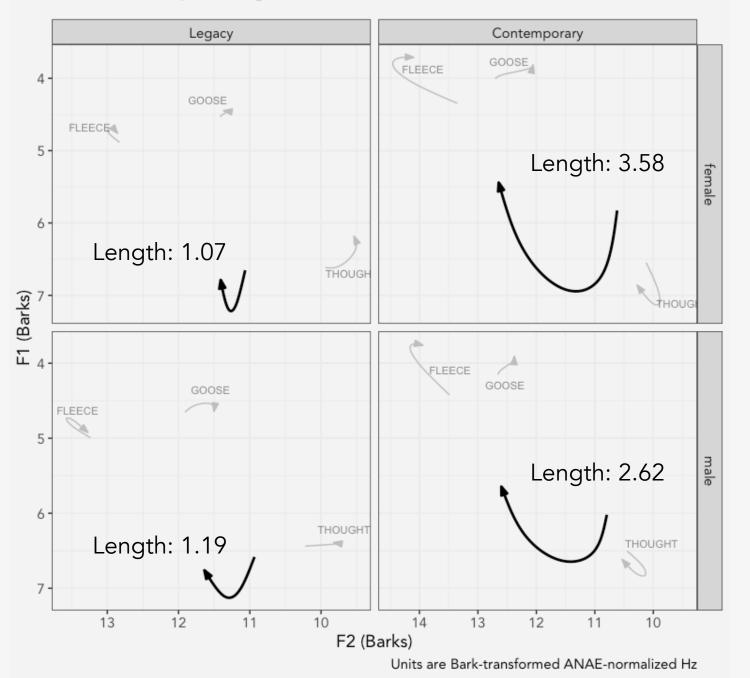
- Fits a smoothed line to formant measurements along multiple timepoints
- 20%, 35%, midpoint, 65%, and 80% into the vowels' durations

Model specification (cf. Gahl & Baayen 2019, Renwick & Stanley forthcoming)

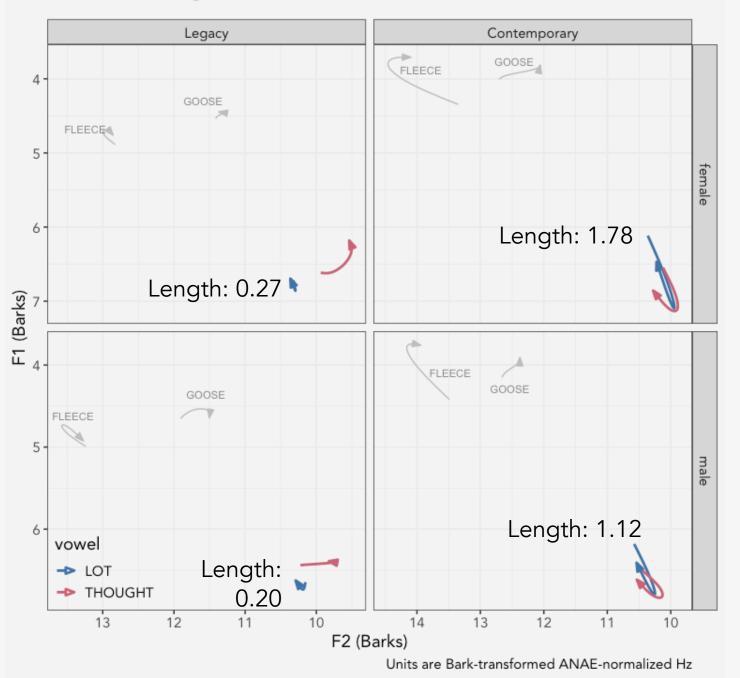
- all data pooled together
- formant, vowel, sex, and corpus as predictors
- speaker and word as random intercepts.

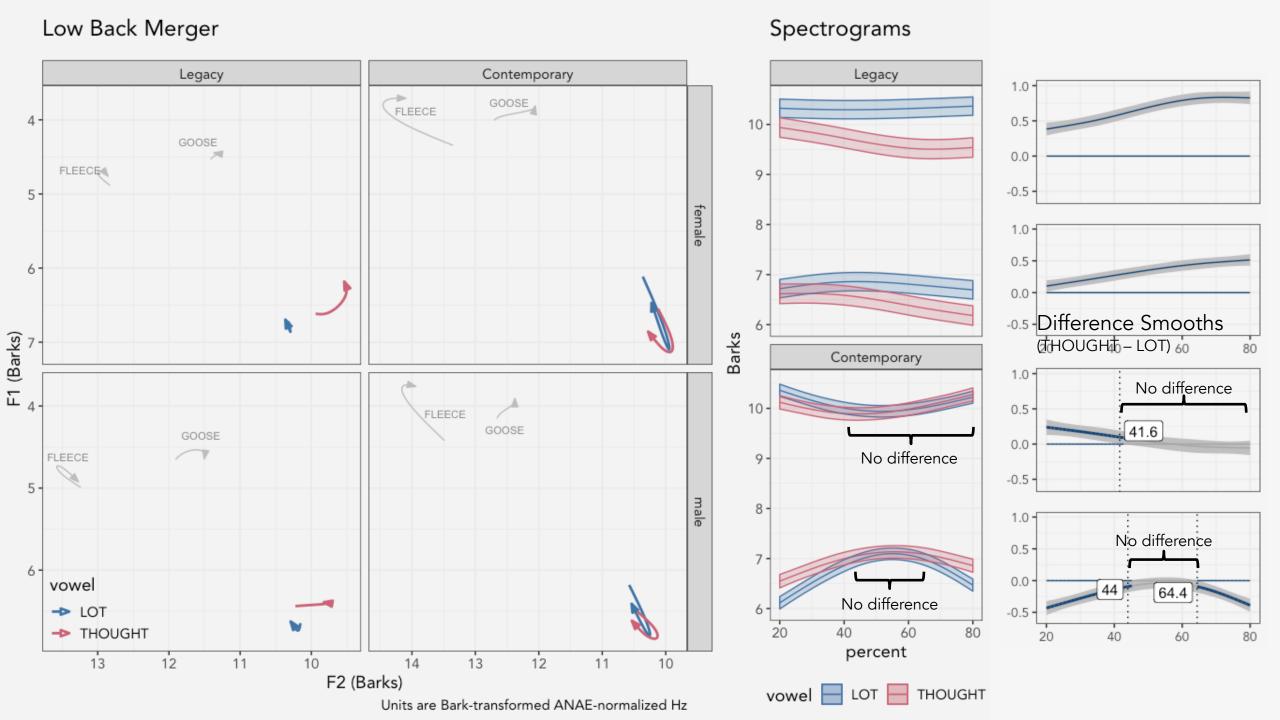
RESULTS

PRICE-monophthongization

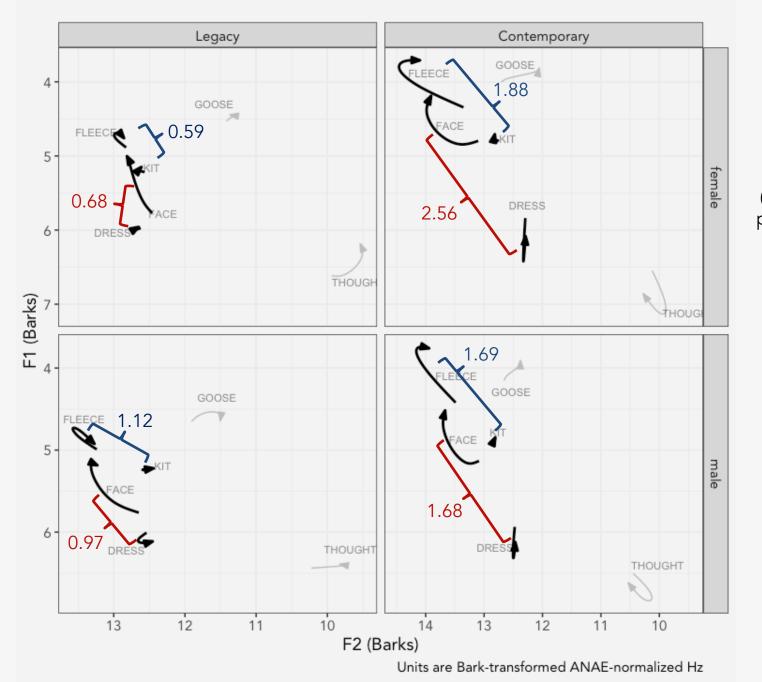


Low Back Merger





Southern Vowel Shift

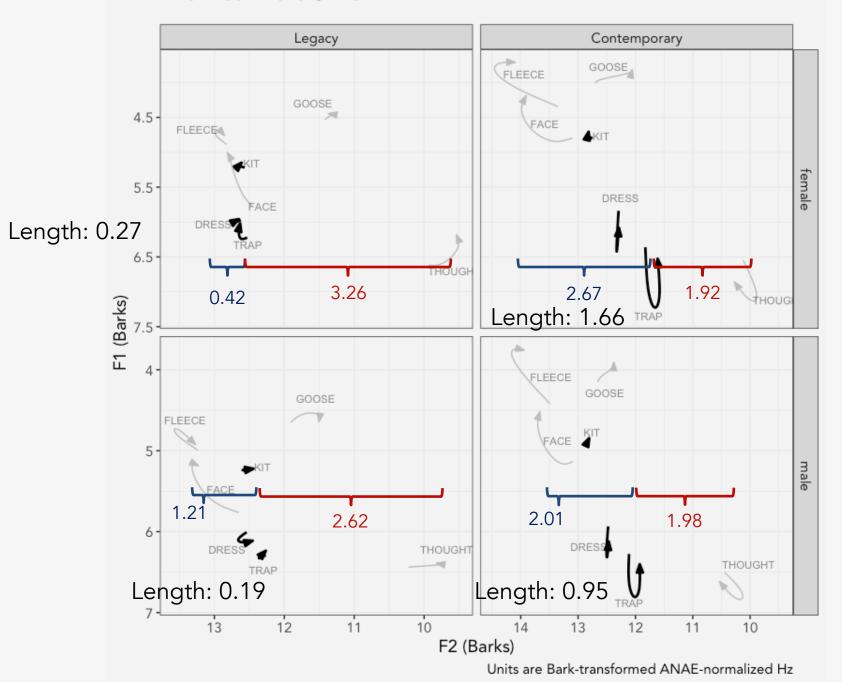


Euclidean Difference between FLEECE and KIT

(In Barks, from midpoints of predicted vowel trajectories)

Euclidean Difference between FACE and DRESS

The Elsewhere Shift

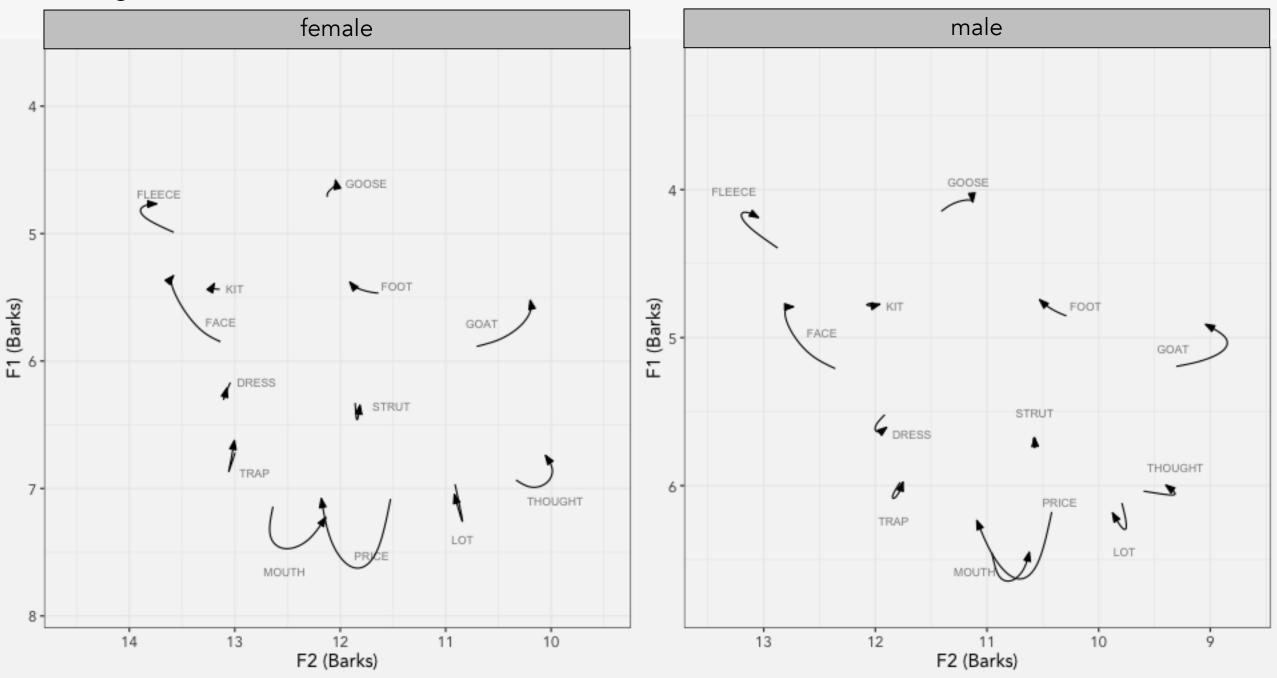


F2 Difference between FLEECE and TRAP

(In Barks, from midpoints of predicted vowel trajectories)

F2 Difference between FACE and THOUGHT

Georgia Vowels: 1887 to 1998



DISCUSSION

GEORGIA ENGLISH: THEN AND NOW

	Legacy Speakers	Contemporary Speakers
PRICE	monophthongal	very diphthongal
FLEECE-KIT and FACE-DRESS	close, but not swapped	not close
TRAP, DRESS, and KIT	front, monopthongal	retracted, more diphthognal
LOT and THOUGHT*	close, but not merged	close and possibly merged
GOOSE*	fronted and monophthongal	more diphthongal b/c onset

^{*} Ask me about these in the Q&A!

THE ELSEWHERE SHIFT IN GEORGIA

Is it inappropriate to say the SVS is "receding"?

What are they reverting back to? 1850s English?

Better interpretation: Young Georgians are adopting the Elsewhere Shift

- The low back merger is (nearly) complete
- The front lax vowels have retracted.
- It's happened in Oregon (Becker et al 2016), Washington (Stanley manuscript), Colorado (Holland & Brandenburg), Ohio (Durian 2012), and Michigan (Mason 2018). Why not Georgia too?

CONCLUSION

How has Georgia English changed since the 1890s?

All vowels have changed.

What is the trajectory of that change?

In the direction of the Elsewhere Shift.

REFERENCES

- Becker, Kara, Anna Aden, Katelyn Best, and Haley Jacobson. "Variation in West Coast English: The Case of Oregon." In *Speech in the Western States, Vol. 1: The Pacific Coast*, edited by Valerie Fridland, Tyler Kendall, Betsy E. Evans, and Alicia Beckford Wassink, 107–134. Publication of the American Dialect Society 101. Durham, NC: Duke University Press, 2016. doi: 10.1215/00031283-3772923.
- Bigott, Bailey, and Margaret E. L. Renwick. "Diving into DASS: A Multimedia Exploration of Southern Speech." presented at the The 6th Annual Linguistics Conference at UGA (LCUGA6), Athens, Georgia, October 4, 2019.
- Clarke, Sandra, Ford Elms, and Amani Youssef. "The Third Dialect of English: Some Canadian Evidence." Language Variation and Change 7, no. 2 (July 1995): 209–28. https://doi.org/10.1017/S0954394500000995.
- Dekker, Ryan. "Income Effects on a Speech Community: Oconee County Wiuthin Northeastern Georgia." presented at the UGA Linguistics Colloquium, Athens, Georgia, February 23, 2018.
- Durian, David. "The Inception and Development of the 'Third Dialect Shift' in the US Midland." Presentation presented at the New Ways of Analyzing Variation (NWAV) 41, Indiana State University, October 28, 2012.
- Eckert, Penelope. "Where Do Ethnolects Stop?" International Journal of Bilingualism 12, no. 1–2 (2008): 25–42.
- Feagin, Crawford. "More Evidence for Major Vowel Change in the South." In *Diversity and Diachrony*, edited by David Sankoff, 93–95. Amsterdam: Benjamins, 1986.
- Gahl, Susanne, and R. Harald Baayen. "Twenty-Eight Years of Vowels: Tracking Phonetic Variation through Young to Middle Age Adulthood." *Journal of Phonetics* 74 (May 1, 2019): 42–54. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.wocn.2019.02.001.
- Gorman, Kyle, Jonathan Howell, and Michael Wagner. "Prosodylab-Aligner: A Tool for Forced Alignment of Laboratory Speech." *Canadian Acoustics* 39, no. 3 (2011): 192–193.
- Hinton, Leanne, Birch Moonwomon, Sue Bremner, Herb Luthin, Mary Van Clay, Jean Lerner, and Hazel Corcoran. "It's Not Just the Valley Girls: A Study of California English." In *Proceedings of the Thirteenth Annual Meeting of the Berkeley Linguistics Society*, 13:117–128, 1987.
- Holland, Cory, and Tara Brandenburg. "Beyond the Front Range: The Coloradan Vowel Space." In Speech in the Western States, Volume 2: The Mountain West, edited by Valerie Fridland, Alicia Beckford Wassink, Tyler Kendall, and Besty E. Evans, 9–30. Publication of the American Dialect Society 102. Durham, NC: Duke University Press, 2017. DOI: 10.1215/00031283-4295277.
- Jones, Jonathan, and Margaret E. L. Renwick. "Detecting Southern Vowel Features with GIS Mapping." presented at the The 6th Annual Linguistics Conference at UGA (LCUGA6), Athens, Georgia, October 4, 2019.
- Kim, Dot-Eum (Rachel). "Korean American English in the South: Language, Culture, and the Making of a New Dialect." presented at the UGA Linguistics Colloquium, Athens, Georgia, April 13, 2018.

- Kretzschmar Jr., William A., Paulina Bounds, Jacqueline Hettel, Lee Pederson, Ilkka Jusso, Lisa Lena Opas-Hänninen, and Tapio Seppänen. "The Digital Archive of Southern Speech (DASS)." Southern Journal of Linguistics 27, no. 2 (2013): 17–38.
- Labov, William. Principles of Linguistic Change. Vol. 1: Internal Features. Language in Society. Oxford: Wiley-Blackwell, 1994.
- Labov, William, Sharon Ash, and Charles Boberg. The Atlas of North American English: Phonetics, Phonology and Sound Change. Berlin: Walter de Gruyter, 2006.
- Labov, William, Malcah Yaeger, and Richard Steiner. A Quantitative Study of Sound Change in Progress: Volume 1. Philadelphia, PA: US Regional Survey, 1972.
- Mason, Alexander. "It's a TRAP!: The Trigger for the Elsewhere Shift in Lansing, Michigan." Presentation presented at the New Ways of Analyzing Variation 47, New York City, NY, October 20, 2018.
- McAuliffe, Michael, Michaela Socolof, Sarah Mihuc, Michael Wagner, and Morgan Sonderegger. "Montreal Forced Aligner: Trainable Text-Speech Alignment Using Kaldi." *Proceedings of the 18th Conference of the International Speech Communication Association*, 2017.
- Olsen, Rachel M., Michael L. Olsen, and Margaret E. L. Renwick. "The Impact of Sub-Region on /Ai/ Weakening in the U.S. South," 060005. Boston, Massachusetts, 2017. https://doi.org/10.1121/2.0000879.
- Olsen, Rachel, Michael Olsen, Joseph A. Stanley, Margaret E. L. Renwick, and William A. Kretzschmar Jr. "Methods for Transcription and Forced Alignment of a Legacy Speech Corpus." *Proceedings of Meetings on Acoustics* 30, no. 1 (September 12, 2017): 060001. https://doi.org/10.1121/2.0000559.
- Reddy, Sravana, and James N. Stanford. "Toward Completely Automated Vowel Extraction: Introducing DARLA." *Linguistics Vanguard*, 2015. https://doi.org/10.1515/lingvan-2015-0002.
- Renwick, Margaret E L, and Joseph A. Stanley. "Modeling Dynamic Trajectories of Tense vs. Lax Front Vowels in the American South." Submitted.
- Rosenfelder, Ingrid, Josef Fruehwald, Keelan Evanini, Scott Seyfarth, Kyle Gorman, Hilary Prichard, and Jiahong Yuan. FAVE (Forced Alignment and Vowel Extraction) Program Suite v1.2.2 (version v1.2.2 10.5281/zenodo.22281), 2014.
- Stanley, Joseph A. "Vowel Dynamics of the Elsewhere Shift: A Sociophonetic Analysis of English in Cowlitz County, Washington." Ph.D. Dissertation. Athens, Georgia, 2020.
- Stanley, Joseph A., and Margaret E. L. Renwick. "Back Vowel Distinctions and Dynamics in Southern US English." presented at the The 94th Annual Meeting of the Linguistic Society of America, New Orleans, LA, January 4, 2020.
- Wood, Simon N. Generalized Additive Models: An Introduction with R. 2nd ed. Chapman and Hall/CRC, 2017. https://doi.org/10.1201/9781420010404.

Joey Stanley

University of Georgia joeystan@uga.edu @joey_stan joeystanley.com

Special thanks to the team at the Linguistic Atlas Office for processing the DASS data, to the many undergraduate transcribers, to the participants in the lab study, and to Dr. Peggy Renwick for help figuring out GAMMs.

This slideshow available at joeystanley.com/lcuga6